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MAR 18 1932

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
Washington, D.C.



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Ec 792 I

INSTRUCTIONS TO LICENSED SAMPLERS OF CANNED FRUIT AND VEGETABLES:

1. Upon receipt of a request for sampling and grading from a financially interested party the licensed sampler shall, as soon as practicable, draw samples from such lot or lots of canned fruits or vegetables as are in such condition as to permit adequate and proper sampling.
2. In the event conditions are such that it is impossible for the licensed sampler to procure cans from all portions of a lot, the sampler shall note on his certificate of sampling to what portions of a lot his sampling was restricted.
3. The sampler shall draw sample cans at random from various locations in each lot, in such manner as to insure thorough sampling. Sampling must not be confined to the top and sides of a lot but shall include samples from the back, center, and bottom of the pile as well.
4. Samples shall be drawn at the rate of one can from each 1000 cans in the lot of No. 3 size cans and smaller, at the rate of 1 can from each 500 cans of No. 5 size cans, and 1 can for each 300 cans in the case of No. 10 size cans.
5. The samples shall be securely packed and forwarded to the proper grading office of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U.S. Department of Agriculture, all charges prepaid.

6. For each sample drawn by a licensed sampler, there shall be issued a certificate of sampling in triplicate. The original and duplicate shall accompany the sample to the grading office. The triplicate shall be retained by the sampler. This certificate shall indicate the location of the lot, name of warehouse, number of car and initials, number of cases in lots and size of containers.
7. Upon receipt of an application from a canner to sample his entire pack, the licensed sampler shall make a rough plat of the floor plan of the building, in triplicate. The location and number of cases in each lot in the warehouse should be noted thereon, together with the code marks or other identifying legends used in connection with the lot. One copy should be furnished the canner, the original furnished the grading office to which the samples are sent for grading, and a copy retained by the sampler. The licensed sampler should be thoroughly familiar with the location of each lot in the canner's warehouse, as he may be asked to certify that a shipment made after sampling was the lot or a part of a lot from which he drew samples for grading purposes.

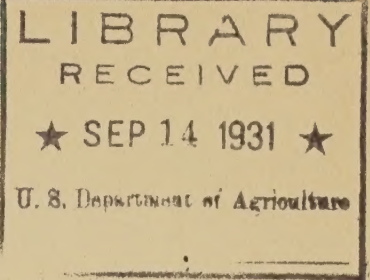
CAUTION: Under no circumstances shall the licensed sampler reveal the information on this chart or plat, or any other information relative to an applicant's business, to any other than the applicant or such of his employees as are properly entitled to the information. This information, as well as the information contained in the sampler's certificate

of sampling, or a Federal grader's certificate of grade is strictly confidential and is not to be revealed by the sampler under any circumstances. Financially interested parties may obtain copies of such certificates from this Department on payment of a fee of \$1.00.

8. A lot, if coded, shall be construed to consist of cans bearing identical code marks. However, if a lot consists of cans bearing dissimilar code marks in that the change in code denotes a different day's pack of a given commodity but not a change in quality, the stock may be considered as being one lot. On the other hand, if the change in code denotes a change in quality, then the stock must be considered as two lots and samples segregated accordingly.

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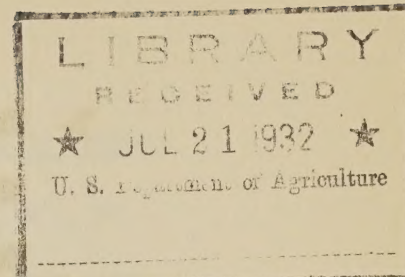
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1. The first part of the document is a letter from the author to the editor, dated 18th March 1891. It discusses the author's recent visit to the United States and his observations on the state of the country.

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UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
Bureau of Agricultural Economics
Washington, D. C.

April 1, 1932



INSTRUCTIONS TO LICENSED SAMPLERS OF CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

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3. In the event conditions are such that it is impossible for the licensed sampler to procure cans from all portions of a lot, the sampler shall note on his certificate of sampling to what portions of a lot his sampling was restricted.
4. Samples shall be drawn at the rate of one can from each 1000 cans in the lot of No. 3 size cans and smaller, and at the rate of one can from each 600 cans of No. 5 and No. 10 size cans.
5. Two cans in each sample should bear the "official sample" label, showing the information requested on the label.
6. A strip of gummed paper should be pasted completely around the center of the case in the short direction and should bear the initials and number of the sampler and the date of sampling.

7. The samples shall be securely packed and forwarded to the proper grading office of the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, U. S. Department of Agriculture, all charges prepaid.
8. For each sample drawn by a licensed sampler, there shall be issued a certificate of sampling in triplicate. The original and duplicate shall accompany the sample to the grading office. The triplicate shall be retained by the sampler. This certificate shall indicate the location of the lot, name of warehouse, number of car and initials, number of cases in lots, and sizes of containers.
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10. A lot, if coded, shall be construed to consist of cans bearing identical code marks. However, if a lot consists of cans bearing dissimilar code marks, the change in code denoting a different day's pack of a given commodity but not a change in quality, the stock may be considered as being one lot. On the other hand, if the change in code denotes a change in quality, then the stock must be considered as two lots and samples segregated accordingly.

